

# RIFT VALLEY FEVER ALERT



DON'T WAIT  
VACCINATE!

## WHAT IS RIFT VALLEY FEVER?

Rift Valley Fever is a deadly virus that affects cattle, sheep and goats. It causes abortions and death, especially in young animals.

## HOW IS IT SPREAD?

The virus is carried by mosquitoes. Humans can be infected through contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an infected animal or carcass.

## IS IT DANGEROUS TO HUMANS?

Yes. The flu-like symptoms can lead to serious complications. During the 2008-11 outbreak, 258 farmers and farm workers were infected, with 25 confirmed deaths. Call a doctor if you or your workers have been exposed to the virus.

## HAS THE VIRUS BEEN SEEN IN 2018?

Yes. The first case was detected near Jacobsdal in the Free State on 28 April 2018.

## HOW CAN I PROTECT MY ANIMALS?

Vaccinate now – and stop the spread! Don't wait for deadly summer outbreaks. Preventative vaccination is the only effective measure.

## WHAT IF I DON'T VACCINATE?

The industry cost of the last outbreak was estimated at more than R2 BILLION. If it was in your district in 2011, it will be back. The cost of vaccination is negligible in relation to the potential loss on farm.

**My Biosecurity**  
MY FLOCK. MY PLAN. MY SUCCESS.



Initiative is supported by:

SAWAMBA

SEGARD MASUREL



BKB

Quantro



CAPE WOOLLS SA

# SLENKDALKOORS WAARSKUWING



MOENIE WAG  
ENT NOU!

## WAT IS SLENKDALKOORS?

Slenkdalkoors is 'n dodelike virus wat beeste, skape en bokke besmet. Dit veroorsaak aborsies in dragtige ooie en sterftes, veral onder jong diere.

## HOE WORD DIT VERSPREI?

Die virus word deur muskiete oorgedra. Mense kan Slenkdalkoors opdoen deur kontak met die bloed of liggaamlike vloeistowwe van 'n besmette dier of karkas te hê.

## IS DIT GEVAARLIK VIR MENSE?

Ja. Die griepagtige simptome kan tot ernstige komplikasies lei. Gedurende die 2008-11 uitbraak was 258 boere en plaaswerkers besmet, met 25 bevestigde sterfgevalle.

## HOE KAN EK MY DIERE BESKERM?

Die verspreiding van die virus kan deur voorkomende inenting gekeer word. Moenie vir 'n potensieël dodelike uitbraak in die somer wag nie. Voorkomende inenting is die enigste effektiewe voorkomende maatreël.

## IS DIE VIRUS IN 2018 OPGEMERK?

Ja. Die eerste geval van Slenkdalkoors is op 28 April 2018 naby Jacobsdal in die Vrystaat aangemeld.

## WAT GEBEUR AS EK NIE INENT Nie?

Die industrie koste van die vorige uitbraak het meer as R2 miljard beloop. As die virus in jou distrik in 2011 voorgekom het, sal dit terug kom. Die koste van 'n inentingsprogram is weglaatbaar klein in vergelyking met die potensiële finansiële verlies vir jou boerdery.

**My BioSekuriteit**  
MY VEE . MY PLAN . MY SUKSES



inisiatief word ondersteun deur:

SAWAMBA

SEGARD MASUREL



BKB

Quantro

